

The Pensacola Journal

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PENSACOLA, FLORIDA, FRIDAY, MARCH 17, 1925.

CHAS. H. BLISS, A CANDIDATE FOR MAYOR.

Chas. H. Bliss, the municipal ownership advocate whose utterances on municipal ownership have attracted so much attention, announces to-day that he will be a candidate for mayor, subject to the action of the White Primary of April 4, next.

Mr. Bliss needs no introduction to the Pensacola public, for he not only has an extended personal acquaintance, but his views on public matters are probably better known than those of any other man in the city.

He has made a particular study of city government, as exemplified in cities of all sizes all over the United States, and there are probably few men in the entire country whose research in this respect has been more extended or whose knowledge of the various problems of municipal life is more complete.

Mr. Bliss enjoys the personal confidence of all who know him. He has brains, progressive ideas, and a backbone of sufficient strength to carry those ideas into effect.

It is safe to say that from now on, the municipal campaign will take on considerable life, and one of the liveliest candidates in it will be the gentleman who makes his announcement for mayor to-day.

A Texas paper calls attention to the fact that the year 1925 is slightly out of the ordinary. It begins and ends on Sunday and contains fifty-three Sundays, thus making it a "Sunday" year.

Editor Claude L'Engle, of the Florida Sun, is the champion boxer of the

State. A few days ago a big burly policeman went to Editor L'Engle's office to flog him. The editor promptly gave him a drubbing that he will long remember. Served him right. The Tribune has no use for the bully, the ruffian and the bruiser and Editor L'Engle deserves the congratulations of the people of the entire state for the manly manner in which he upheld the honor and dignity of his profession.—Tampa Tribune.

W. J. Bryan is growing every day of his life and still getting closer and closer to the hearts of the American people as the days go by. His ideas and policies of government are being espoused and adopted by the wisest political thinkers of this country. His greatness as a patriot and statesman is towering above all others.—Ozark, Ala. Tribune.

Sam Jones says Florida is full of "Yankee Doodle." That is quite true and Yankee Doodle should not think of hurrying home, but should hide awhile in the enjoyment of genuine Florida weather.—St. Augustine Record.

It is stated that when General Kuropatkin took command of the Russian army he declared that "terms of peace will be dictated at Tokio." He will soon have a reputation as a prophet as well as a military man.

The new Russian chief of staff will be General Soukhom, so, General Oyama, et al, had better look out.

The Japanese may be trying to help General Kuropatkin discover the north pole.

Women Should Be Taught The Science of Work

By Professor PATTEN of Princeton University

THE fact that women do not do their share in the PRO-DUCTIVE industries is the most serious problem we as a nation have to face today.

There was a time when women were to be found at all kinds of work. Why do they not do it now? The world must wake up to this, and HUSBANDS MUST CEASE TREATING THEIR WIVES AS DOLLS. Daughters must be taught fewer accomplishments and more of the SCIENCE of work.

WIVES MUST BE LOOKED TO FOR CO-OPERATION AND NOT FOR AMUSEMENT ONLY.

The lack of income is a reason often advanced against marriage. While I realize that this condition offers disadvantages I believe that where both the man and the woman set out IN INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT they will at the same time develop in CHARACTER.

YACHT CANAL FROM MIAMI TO KEY WEST

WORK TO BEGIN ON INSIDE WATER WAY VERY SOON.

Of great importance to the small craft which ply between Key West and Miami is the announcement that work on the route inside the keys will begin shortly and a channel five feet deep will be dredged. Except in a few places there is more water than this already, and the work of dredging the channel will take but a short time.

The route will be of special interest to the owners of houseboats, because it will furnish them with a route as smooth as a river, with scenery unsurpassed anywhere in the world. The waters are teeming with fish, the tourist can cast anchor anywhere and find all the sport in this line right at hand.

But from a commercial standpoint the channel will be of inestimable value. It will shorten the route to Miami, and make the trip absolutely safe in any kind of weather. The East Coast Company, which is doing the work, does not know how long it will take, but it is confident that the channel will be ready for navigation before the numerous pleasure crafts which rendezvous in these waters come down next season.

EAST COAST STILL POPULAR

With Tourists and Everything Indicates That They Will Remain Longer Than Usual.

(Daytona Gazette-News.) As an indication of the great popularity of the East Coast is the fact that all hotels from St. Augustine to Miami are crowded with tourists and are likely to remain so for some time to come.

In past seasons the exodus north has been well under way by the middle of March, but this year there is no indication at this time that the people are contemplating a homeward movement. Of course the travel northward is beginning to pick up, but this is more than offset by the crowds still pouring into the state on every train.

The present season has unquestionably been the best in the history of the state and it is only reasonable to suppose that it will last longer this year than formerly.

The Daily News, with many other Florida papers, has contended that the tourists leave the state too early in the spring for their own comfort and enjoyment, and it is not out of place to again state to the visitors who are now here that March and April are the banner months in Florida, climatically and otherwise, and that they make a mistake by not remaining longer in the state.

Outlook For Lumber.

According to the American Lumberman, dealers in lumber in western Minnesota and over large portions of the Dakotas do not express high hope that trade for the year will be more than normal, if even that. Conditions in Iowa are spotted, in certain sections everything being hoped for and in others little. There is nothing too good for Oklahoma and Indian Territories. The dealers of Arkansas and Missouri are, as a whole, looking for prosperous year. It is after the Mississippi is crossed, however, that the feeling is most buoyant, and if in the larger portions of Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania there shall practically be any end to the consumption of lumber, the dealers are not aware of it. Northern Kentucky is also in the same mood, supplemented by a most promising prospect in several of the southern states. New England is a trifle conservative, though no mournful sound comes from that section. Throughout the middle west, with the exceptions noted, the farmers are in high spirits, the manufacturing interests are prosperous, and everywhere is confidence in national affairs. On the whole, the outlook is good. Stocks, notably those held by southern pine and hardwood producers, are below the average. In only one—the whole-pine section of the north—was there any considerable accumulation, and winter sales have absorbed a large amount of this surplus. Consumers, as a rule, limited their purchases last year, buying for immediate requirements only, and not, as is generally the case, systematically adding to their stock. The prospects for building are excellent. The price level during 1925 will be higher than that of 1924, and this improvement should enable those sections where operations were not conducted satisfactorily last year to retrieve their fortunes and bring about a better state of affairs.—Bradstreet's

TRIBUTE PAID TO CONGRESS

BY CONFEDERATE VETERANS FOR PASSING BATTLE FLAG MEASURE.

The following has been issued: Hdqrs. United Confederate Veterans, New Orleans, La., Mar. 1, 1925. General Order No. 25.

1. The General commanding feels that he would be derelict in his duty to his old comrades who have honored him in making him Commander-in-Chief of this great federation did he not give expression to the feeling of satisfaction that fills the heart of every Confederate veteran in contemplating the heartiness and unanimity with which the National Legislature passed the bill restoring the Confederate battle flags to the several states, and the readiness with which the measure was approved by the President. This action is but a fresh evidence that there are now in our grand country no sectional lines—no South, no North, East or West; but that we are all Americans, devoted to one common country.

2. The General commanding takes occasion, in view of this era of good feeling shown by the Congress of the United States and the President, to urge upon all parties, North and South, who have colors in their possession, to return them at once to the State Capitals. In such depositories these highly-prized relics can be properly cared for; and they should all be gathered there at the earliest moment. He indulges the hope that this wish may be complied with, and that private parties may manifest as much brotherly feeling as the national authorities.

3. The General commanding is satisfied that the display in the various State Capitals of these precious heirlooms, which represent the highest devotion, the greatest self-sacrifice, the most persistent courage witnessed in modern warfare, will do a great deal to stimulate the patriotism of the rising generation. These evidences of bravery on the part of their fathers cannot but add to the pride that our children feel in the heroic and daring exploits of their ancestry, and is the surest way to encourage and magnify that feeling of love of country and willingness to die for her sake that should be fostered at all times by the state.

4. The Commanding General desires that some official acknowledgment should be made to Hon. John Lamb (himself a Confederate soldier) who introduced the measure in Congress, to the Senate and House of Representatives, who passed it without a dissenting voice, and to the President, who immediately approved it; and he urges camps everywhere to at once get together and formulate resolutions expressive of their indorsement.

By command of STEPHEN D. LEE, General Commanding. Official: WM. E. MICKLE, Adjutant General and Chief of Staff. Hdqrs. United Confed. Vets., New Orleans, March 7, 1925.

What Congress Did. During the sessions of the Fifty-eighth congress, 26,503 bills were introduced, 19,209 in the house and 7,294 in the senate, says the Nashville American. During the preceding congress 23,416 bills were introduced. Very few of these bills became laws.

TO THE WOMEN OF THE SOUTH

GENERAL WALKER URGES THE ERECTION OF A MONUMENT.

At a meeting of veterans held recently in New Orleans an eloquent address was delivered by General C. Irvine Walker, Commander of the Army of Northern Virginia, of Charleston, S. C., on the effort now being made to raise funds to erect a monument to the women of the Confederacy. He declared that the people of the South owed it as their duty to erect a memorial to them, as a mark of appreciation of the noble work performed by the Southern women in assisting the Confederate soldiers.

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The Journal's Want Columns will give you satisfaction.

Political Announcements.

FOR MAYOR.
 I am a candidate for mayor of the City of Pensacola, and I respectfully solicit the support of the voters in the primary to be held April 4, 1925.
 CHAS. H. BLISS.

FOR MAYOR.
 I hereby announce myself a candidate for mayor of the city of Pensacola, subject to the action of the primary to be held April 4, 1925.
 FRANK REILLY.

FOR CITY TREASURER.
 The friends of W. K. Hyer, Sr., announce him as a candidate for City Treasurer, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary.

FOR CITY TREASURER.
 I hereby announce myself a candidate for City Treasurer, subject to the action of the coming primary.
 MANSFIELD MORENO.

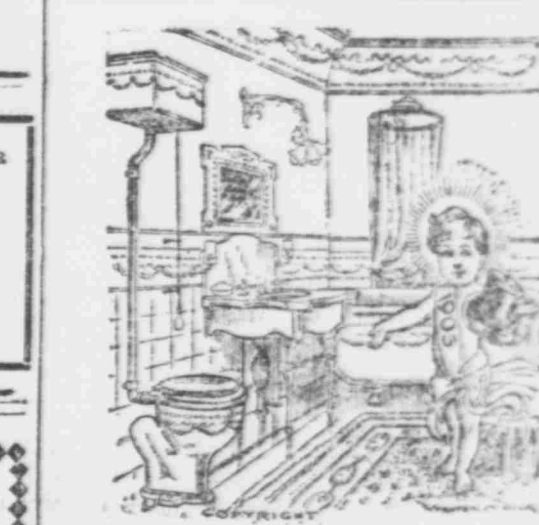
FOR ALDERMAN, PRECINCT 12.
 I hereby announce myself a candidate for precinct alderman from Precinct 12, subject to the action of the coming democratic primary.
 A. H. DALEMBERTE.

FOR ALDERMAN PRECINCT 14.
 I hereby announce my candidacy as alderman from Precinct 14, subject to the action of the coming primary.
 JAS. McHUGH.

FOR ALDERMAN PRECINCT 15.
 I hereby announce myself a candidate for Alderman at Large from Precinct 15, subject to the action of the coming primary.
 WM. HAYS.

FOR ALDERMAN, PRECINCT 18.
 I hereby announce my candidacy as precinct alderman from Precinct 18, subject to the action of the primary of April 4, next.
 W. B. WRIGHT.

FOR MARSHAL.
 I hereby announce my candidacy for re-election to the office of City Marshal, subject to the action of the democratic party.
 C. F. SCHAD.



YOURS FOR THE CLEAN NEW YEAR

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Took It All. Nashville, March 16.—A despatch to the Banner says the Bank of Petersburg, Tenn., was blown open and all the cash taken.

Japan's Attitude Toward Korea and Manchuria

By SADAZUCHI UCHIDA, Japan's Consul General at New York

THE attitude of Japan in the present war is for the preservation of her national existence. Incidentally she is doing the fighting for China and Korea, for THEY ARE COWARDS. They do not dare to fight Russia, not even to prevent their territory from being partitioned. They do not dare to fight for their own interests.

IF CHINA AND KOREA WERE ANNEXED BY RUSSIA MY COUNTRY WOULD BE AT THE MERCY OF THE SULLEN BEAR. THAT IS WHY WE WANT THE INDEPENDENCE OF CHINA AND KOREA ASSURED.

We insist on the open door policy in China and Korea. If other nations get in there, China and Korea would be held from any PARTICULAR power in the western world. If Manchuria and Korea had more American, French and German and other nations interested in these two domains, Russia would not DARE annex those countries. That's why we want the open door for the protection of them.

We cannot tell when the war will end, but now that Port Arthur has been captured, now that the fate of Russia's army in Manchuria is doubtful, now that Russia has serious internal troubles, we have very optimistic hopes for final victory.

It is not premature to discuss what we will do and what other nations will do in the orient after the war is over. I will not discuss the political programme, but I can safely say WE MUST ENTER ANOTHER GREAT STRUGGLE not only against Russia, but against the whole civilized world—that is, a commercial and industrial fight for China and Korea. In order to gain success in these branches we must use great energy, a great deal of money AND GREAT RAPIDITY.

In those two countries there is a great property in commerce and industry, as great as in any country in the world. There are gold and iron mines, and many thousand miles of railroads can be built. There are many strongholds to be improved. WE MUST EDUCATE THE NATIVES.

If we make a success in the commercial and industrial interests in the two countries we can make a great future.

ENTERING UPON THAT KIND OF COMPETITION, EVERY OTHER NATION MUST BE SUPPOSED TO BE OUR RIVAL. WE MUST NOT BE FRIENDLY TO ANY. WE UNDERSTAND CONDITIONS BETTER THAN ANY NATION.