

EVENING STAR

C. L. BITTINGER & CO.

C. L. Bittinger and R. R. Carroll, Proprietors and Publishers.

C. L. BITTINGER,

Editor and General Manager.

R. R. CARROLL,

City Editor and Business Manager.

April 18 In History.

1731—William Williams, "signer" for Connecticut, soldier, etc., born; died 1811.

1775—Paul Revere's famous ride out of Boston to arouse the colonial patriots.

1817—George Henry Lewes, noted English writer on philosophy, born; died 1875.

1873—Baron Justus Liebig, the great chemist, died; born 1803.

1888—Roscoe Conkling, noted United States senator, died; born 1828.

1906—Earthquake at San Francisco and vicinity. Many buildings in the city reduced to ruins, which later took fire.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS:

Tonight and Tomorrow Morning. Sun sets 6:38, rises 5:11; moon rises 8:53 p. m.

April 19 In History.

1560—Philipp Melancthon, reformer and coadjutor of Luther, died; born 1497.

1721—Roger Sherman, "signer," born; died 1793.

1775—Beginning of American Revolution; collisions at Lexington and Concord, Mass.

1824—Lord Byron died; born 1788.

1898—The Cuban intervention resolution passed congress; ultimatum sent to Spain.

1906—Fires, due to the earthquake, continued in San Francisco. Many buildings dynamited. Over 300,000 homeless people. The regular army assumed control.

ASTRONOMICAL EVENTS:

Tonight and Tomorrow Morning. Sun sets 6:39, rises 5:09; moon rises 10:02 p. m.; 10:30 p. m., all Jupiter's four bright satellites closely grouped on west of planet.

In justice to the State R. R. Commission we print their side of the story in the contention Attorney General Ellis made against them, and which we published several months ago.

For the edification of the editor of the St. Augustine Record, we desire to state that Governor Broward in his speech in Ocala in behalf of his candidacy for the United States senate, did say that a number of wealthy men, naming them, did bid \$2 an acre for a big tract of land in the Everglades 39 miles back of where the drogues were not at work and for every alternate section, 75 per cent of which was to be used for draining said lands and 25 per cent for school purposes, and not at 10 cents an acre.

It was the first purpose of the Daughters of the Confederacy to fill the cradles bordering the monument with St. Augustine grass, but Florist Heitz soon demonstrated that roses would cost but little more to plant and the contrast would be so much more striking and effective. So now he will plant 140 roses. The first cradle at the base will be filled with white verbenas and the bottom cradle will be planted to red verbenas. The reader will see how attractive and striking it will appear.

Congressman S. M. Sparkman is sending to democrats in Florida copies of the famous speech of Senator LaFollette delivered in the senate against the Aldrich bill. Attorney Beck has a copy and is much pleased with the argument.

According to the Crystal River News great things are in store for that place within the next twelve months. The town will have a big candidates' picnic April 25.

We don't blame Editor Jordan for devoting a column to the defense of Punta Gorda, against an aspersion cast upon it by a remark made of the

THE DAWN OF EASTER

(Maud B. Little.)

The long, long night of grief is passed, The darkness flees away, And o'er Judea's plain there dawns A new and glad some day.

He lives! what joy the message brings! All Nature joins in praise! The lilies spring to kiss His feet, The birds glad voices raise!

For life and immortality Alike are brought to light, The sorrows of Gethsemane Have faded from our sight!

What power to roll away the stone And penetrate the gloom! What power to burst asunder death And conquer o'er the tomb!

Lo, from yon cross new glories shine, New hope illumines our way! He is risen, Alleluia! And we shall live for aye!

NEW ORGAN FOR GRACE CHURCH

It is the purpose of the pastor of Grace Episcopal church as well as many of his parishoners to secure a new organ for the church. It is badly needed. The old organ is worn out and money spent on it is a waste. The new organ is to cost \$1620; deepening the channel to receive same, \$245; changing vestry room, \$200. Tomorrow being Easter Sunday, the offering for that day will go toward the organ fund and it is hoped by the rector and vestry it will be a good large gift.

AT THE CHURCHES TOMORROW

Baptist

Regular church, Sunday school and young people's services at the usual hours. All sincerely invited to come and worship with us. C. C. Carroll, Pastor.

Grace Episcopal

(Rev. Geo. Hendree Harrison, Rector.) 7:30 a. m. Holy communion. 10 a. m.—Sunday school. 11 a. m.—Morning prayer, holy communion and sermon. 4:30 p. m.—Easter festival.

On Monday in Easter week, holy communion at 10 a. m., evening prayer and parish meeting at 8 p. m.

On Tuesday in Easter week, holy communion at 10 a. m. Easter egg hunt at 3 p. m.

You are cordially invited to attend all services.

Methodist

Rev. J. B. Ley, who was at one time pastor of the church but who is now agent of Southern College, Sutherland, Fla., will occupy the pulpit tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

Let large congregations greet this able and popular representative of one of our greatest conference enterprises. Sunday school—9:30 a. m. Junior League—3 p. m. Senior League—6:30 p. m.

Junior League

Meets tomorrow at 3 p. m. Subject, "A Changed Life." Everyone cordially invited to attend.

Song, "Praise God from Whom All Blessings Flow."

Scripture lesson, Mk. xvi-6; Luke xxiv-45; Ps. cxviii-24.

Prayer, followed by the Lord's prayer.

Song, "Let us crown Him." Bible texts by ten Juniors.

Reading, "Easter"—Dexter Phillips. Chalk talk.

Recitation, "Gladness of Easter," by two Juniors.

Solo, Miss Eloise Smoak. Chain of prayer by Juniors.

Song, "Glory to God, Hallelujah!" Reading, "Christ is Risen"—Florence Dozier.

Duet, "Flee Away, Ye Shades of Night." Collection.

Roll call. Song by four Juniors, "There's a Friend for Little Children." Announcements.

Song, "To God be the Glory." Benediction.

EASTER!

"Up and down our lives obedient, Walk, dear Christ, with footsteps radiant"

Till those garden lives shall be Fair with duties done for thee, And our thankful spirits say: 'Christ arose on Easter day.'

Have we an offering at this season when all Christians rejoice over the resurrection, the victory of life over death? The birds carol forth their praise, the flowers burst into new beauty, the very leaves glow with the promise of a resurrection, and the whole world rejoices over the new life and beauties of nature, as up to heaven there rises one resonant wave of triumphant song: "The Lord is Risen, Alleluia!"

If we are glad in the resurrection of Jesus Christ, we should be glad and willing that it should mean the same to every one. The true Easter spirit can never exist in an atmosphere of selfishness; and if we persist in such, our hearts will become as empty as the tomb upon the first joyous Easter morning when Christ arose from the dead and became "the first fruits of them that sleep."

Today we may get new visions of our glorified Savior. Today we may stand near the gates which he entered. We may be glad and go forward with the Easter in one round of joy and life. Today, if we are true, we may see life manifested in all things under all conditions. To-day we may open wide our hearts to the mercy of God, there is a note of triumph, a message of peace as we receive the message of rest, who stands who stands Him, who changes His into His, who changes His into His, who changes His into His.

Bring your old electric light globes to Walter Tucker and exchange them for new ones. Often old globes are not giving half the light they should, though burning just as much current.

BASEBALL

Result of Yesterday's Games in the South Atlantic League.

Jacksonville 7; Macon 6. Savannah 3; Columbia 2. Charleston 4; Augusta 2.

Where They Played Today

Macon at Jacksonville. Augusta at Charleston. Savannah at Columbia.

Standing of the Clubs

Table with columns: Won, Lost, P.C. Jacksonville... Savannah... Columbia... Augusta... Macon... Charleston...

IMPORTANT INTERSTATE LAW

The Government and Tuberculosis

To the Gazette.—Regarding the interstate shipment of animals affected with tuberculosis, and replying to subscriber's inquiry as to why such cattle can not be so shipped, when cattle from Texas fever districts are permitted shipment, you are advised that Section 6 of the act of May 29, 1884, provides as follows:

"Sec. 6. That no railroad company within the United States, or the owners or masters of any steaming or sailing or other vessel or boat, shall receive for transportation, or transport, from one state or territory to another, or from any state into the District of Columbia, or from the District into any state, any live stock affected with any contagious, infectious or communicable disease, and especially the disease known as pleuro-pneumonia; nor shall any person, company, or corporation deliver for such transportation to any railroad company, or master or owner of any boat or vessel, any live stock, knowing them to be affected with any disease, nor shall any person, company or corporation drive on foot or transport in private conveyance from one state or territory to another, or from any state into the District of Columbia, or from the District into any state, any live stock, knowing them to be affected with any contagious, infectious or communicable disease, and especially the disease known as pleuro-pneumonia; Provided, that the so-called splenic or Texas fever shall not be considered a contagious, infectious, or communicable disease within the meaning of sections, four, five, six, and seven of this act, as to cattle being transported by rail to market for slaughter, when the same are unloaded only to be fed and watered on lots on the way thereto."

It was evidently the opinion of Congress that as cattle from the Texas fever district came from a restricted route, and traveled over rather definite routes, and the principal markets were limited, an exception could safely be made under certain conditions. It appears, however, that it was also the opinion of Congress that it was dangerous to the live stock interests to permit the shipment of animals affected with other contagious, infectious or communicable disease, and this, I believe to be good law. The Secretary of Agriculture has given notice that the law above quoted will be enforced against the interstate movement of cattle and swine affected with tuberculosis.

Tuberculosis is pretty generally distributed throughout the United States, although perhaps existing to a greater extent in some sections than others, and shipments of cattle are frequently made from practically all portions of the country. To supervise the shipment and insure the proper disposal of tuberculosis animals and to secure the thorough disinfection of railroad cars, chutes, etc., would be an undertaking of much greater magnitude and difficulty than is the case with cattle from the fever area. It would, therefore, seem to me both impracticable and unwise to permit the interstate shipment of animals affected with tuberculosis, even if the law did not prohibit this.

Recent investigations regarding tuberculosis have shown very clearly that it is much more contagious than was formerly supposed, and this fact has become quite generally known. For this reason various states are making greater efforts than ever before to eradicate the disease, and this movement is undoubtedly furthered by the agitation of the last few years for a better milk and meat supply, which has shown to many the prevalence of the disease and has caused a general awakening looking to its eradication.

As a national economic measure, I doubt the advisability, even if it were possible to do so, of permitting the large slaughtering centers to become the dumping ground for diseased animals from all over the country. While no doubt these centers can take care of the diseased animals that would come to them in the general course of trade, it is my opinion that to make them a general dumping ground would not improve the reputation of our meat products abroad.

Practically all states except a few in the West and South have slaughtering stations where Federal inspection is maintained; and these stations should be able to take care of tuberculosis animals if it is desired to slaughter them under Federal inspection, without the necessity for interstate shipment. A. D. Melvin, Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry, Department of Agriculture.

An Important Notice to All Dairymen as Well as Beef Men. Tuberculosis has become of such a great problem in many of the States, that now the Government has made an important interstate law, and the Florida buyer above the state borders, will save time and expense in securing a tuberculosis inspection certificate from a qualified Veterinarian before he ships his cattle or hogs into this State. E. P. G.

OLD GLOBES MADE NEW

Bring your old electric light globes to Walter Tucker and exchange them for new ones. Often old globes are not giving half the light they should, though burning just as much current.

WITHDRAWING THE TROOPS

Three Companies Leave Pensacola Every Day—Ocala Company Will Probably Be the Last to Leave

(Times-Union.)

Pensacola, April 17.—There is no change in the strike situation. The company and former employes are apparently as far apart in their differences as ever. At a late hour tonight a mass meeting of business men was being held for the purpose of devising some new basis for settlement, or with a possible view to bringing pressure to bear upon one side or the other in order to obtain concessions necessary to a final adjustment.

The cars have been running all day over the entire lines, with only one or two disturbances reported. Several cars have been stoned and one motor-man is reported as having been struck by a rock, but not severely injured.

Mayor Goodman this morning replied to the letter of the adjutant general, in which the latter asked authority to return a certain portion of the troops. In this letter the mayor again asserts that there is grave need for the troops in the city, but he would leave to the discretion of the military authorities the question as to what force is actually required.

Three Companies Leave

Upon receipt of this notification, the adjutant general immediately issued orders for the return to their home stations of Companies C, K and M, First Infantry. These companies were selected for the reason that their stations are nearest to Pensacola and should any contingency arise they could be most easily summoned back.

It is possible that under this program three more companies will be returned tomorrow, and a proportional number each day until the situation gets better or the force is reduced to a minimum number which it is thought could cope with any situation which might arise.

At an early hour this morning the adjutant general notified the city and county authorities that they must make immediate preparations to take care of the situation themselves, and that the troops might all be recalled at any time, without further notice.

This announcement created a great deal of excitement and uneasiness among the business men of the community, and hundreds of telegrams have been forwarded to the governor, requesting that the troops be retained here for at least a short time longer.

Expense of Troops

An interesting statement was made from military headquarters here today as to the cost of keeping the troops in the city. An estimate of expenses shows that the daily cost of pay and subsistence from Sunday until today was about \$550.

This will be reduced one-fourth tomorrow and one-fourth the next day. The chief expense, however, is transportation and if regular passenger rates are charged by the railroads the cost of bringing the troops to Pensacola and returning them would approximate \$12,000.

It is understood, however, that the adjutant general has asked the railroads to make a special rate for this occasion as was done at the time of the Jacksonville fire and is annually made for state encampments. If the usual rate of 1 cent per mile is made, the total expense for transportation will be less than \$4,000.

NO STATE ENCAMPMENT THIS YEAR—PERHAPS

It is said in military circles that there can be no encampment of the state troops this year, as the Pensacola incident will use up all of the available funds. Details from the different companies will probably go to the Tampa and Pensacola forts and participate with the regular troops in artillery practice.

WEBB WAS WEARY

Of Living, so Spiked His Beer with Chloral

Tampa, April 18.—R. A. Webb, of Nocatee, committed suicide yesterday by taking chloral in a glass of beer, at Beatty's saloon, on upper Franklin street. Webb was bookkeeper for the King Lumber Company of Nocatee. On his person was found several letters, some of them dated today, unsealed and unaddressed, giving directions for his burial at Arcadia, by the Masons. He was a man of 50 years of age and bore a splendid reputation until his appetite for liquor overcame him.

BASEBALL MEETING

There will be an important meeting of the baseball club Monday night at 8 o'clock at the electric light plant. All those interested in the national game are urged to be present.



THE CROWNING REPUTATION

of our wines has been gained by careful, conscientious effort to give our patrons only the purest of products. We are not satisfied with the wine-makers' statement that their liquors are perfect—we test them ourselves and we know they are perfect. So when you buy wines of us you get a guarantee that they are all right. The prices are all right, too. Give us a trial order.

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The Case of Jones.

(Copyright.)

Jones at the age of twenty-eight was a mechanic and working every day at fair wages and happy to work. A year later he married. A year later still he lost his wife and babe as the former became a mother. Then he got into trouble with his union for working overtime, was expelled from the society, and during the next year it was a bitter fight with him against odds. The shops turned him down, his health became poor; there were more laborers than there were picks and shovels. He was carrying in a ton of coal now and then or carrying out a ton of ashes, when he got in the way of a street car. He wasn't killed. Indeed, he wasn't badly hurt, but a policeman took it as a bit of impudence on his part to interrupt traffic, and he was collared and sent up for thirty days. In one sense the imprisonment was a great relief to Jones. He got something to eat and got it regularly. When night came he got a fairly comfortable bed. In another sense he felt degraded. His keepers and most of the other prisoners would have laughed at the idea, but it was nevertheless true. He had made a good fight for it and had been downed through no fault of his own, and he had done nothing to deserve imprisonment. It humiliated and embittered him, and when his sentence had been served he had lost his self respect and had a feeling that the world was against him.

From that day Jones became a hobo. He tramped without any particular aim except wanting to get somewhere. When he went among the farmers the usual thing was to set the dog on him as soon as he entered the gate or climbed the fence. If there was no dog, then the farmer came forward to give the hobo the boot. For every one farmer who fed and lodged him fifteen turned him away. The latter thought it necessary to call him names and threaten him and make him feel his position. The former demanded that he pay five times the value of the food in work, and when he got ready to move along they insisted on searching him to make sure that he wasn't carrying off a plow or the contents of the granary. Now and then, at long intervals, Jones met a human being, man or woman. They talked to him as one human being talks to another, and for an hour after he would feel himself again a man. Then along would come a country constable to run him in on suspicion of having stolen a wagon load of wheat or potatoes and abuse him because the proofs were lacking.

For five years Jones wandered over the face of the earth. In that time he met more people and saw more of human nature than the ordinary man would see in living two lifetimes. In particular he saw the littleness of his fellow men. He discovered that for every broad minded man there were a thousand with pinched and contracted souls. He heard gossip and scandal and lying. He saw the injustice of man to man. He saw so little that was good and so much to condemn that hobo as he was, he became disgusted and no longer wondered why hogs crowded each other at the trough. One day he picked up an old newspaper on the highway and sat down and read, among other things, that a certain philanthropic old lady had founded and endowed a home for the ailing and indigent. Jones had known for a year past that he was a victim of consumption and that his tramping days were drawing to a close. Sometimes as he lay under a tree and thought of it he reasoned that the roadside ditch was good enough for a tramp to die in. Again, there would come a longing to have human beings about him when the end came, to die under a roof, to die in his bed, even to have to talk with a minister before the lamp flickered out.

A month later Jones was asking for admission to the home. He was then a human wreck, and his days were numbered. Yes, they took him in, but the attendant in his ward gave him warning that if he made any trouble he'd get the bounce. The same attendant asked him in the frank manner why he didn't die somewhere in a snowdrift instead of coming among his betters. The doctor didn't look him over. He said there was no need of that. Any one with ears on had only to listen to that racking cough. His excellency the doctor further remarked that there was no need of wasting good chicken broth and port wine on that case, that the supposition there was a cough was an assumption to fit. The nurses, however, had a great deal of gossiping and very little nursing to do. At first Jones wanted this and that and even dared to call out at night and awaken the sleeping nurse, but after a few days, after he had been talked to a few times, he learned better. One day when he asked for the minister he was laughed at. They did finally bring him a Testament, but by that time his eyes were too weak to read the fine print. He realized that the end was near, but was clinging to life as even a hobo will when he heard the nurse complaining of his base ingratitude. She argued that he ought to have died a week before and that his hanging on the way he did showed a selfish obstinacy.

Jones figured it out that the nurse couldn't very well poison him or choke him to death without attracting suspicion, and that night as she slept, after warning him not to call out, he gave up the fight, and his soul passed on to its Maker. Exit workman, husband, wife, child—Jones. And the world rolled on as if they had never been. M. QUAD.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS

Conventions held every Monday evening in Castle Hall, over Peyser's store. A cordial welcome to visiting knights. H. M. Hampton, C. C. Chas. K. Sage, K. of R. and S.

I. O. O. F.

Tulula Lodge No. 22 I. O. O. F. meets every Tuesday evening in Yonge's Hall. Visiting brothers always welcome.

J. F. Thompson, N. G. M. M. Little, Secretary.

CONCORDIA LODGE F. U. OF A.

Concordia Lodge No. 181, Fraternal Union of America, meets fourth Wednesday of every month, 7:30 p. m., at Yonge's Hall. R. E. Yonge, P. M. Chas. K. Sage, Secretary.

F. & A. M.

Marion-Dunn Lodge No. 19 meets in the temple on the first and third Thursday evenings of each month. Visiting brothers cordially invited. W. D. Graham, W. M. Jake Brown, Secretary.

B. P. O. E.

Notice of Sessions of Ocala Lodge No. 851 Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks.

Regular sessions on the second and fourth Tuesday evenings of each month. Visiting brothers cordially invited. S. A. Rawls, Exalted Ruler. Joseph Bell, Acting Secretary.

FORT KING CAMP No. 14.

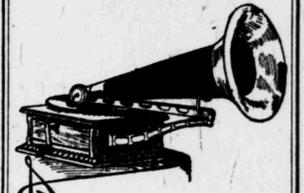
Next regular monthly meeting will be held Friday evening, May 8th at 8 o'clock in Yonge's Hall. Visiting sovereigns are always welcome. G. W. Martin, C. C. Chas. K. Sage, Clerk.

NEIGHBORHOOD FAVORITE

Mrs. E. D. Charles, of Harbor, Me., speaking of Electric Bitters, says: "It is a neighborhood favorite here with us." It deserves to be a favorite everywhere. It gives quick relief in dyspepsia, liver complaint, kidney derangement, indigestion, nervousness, weakness and general debility. Its action on the blood as a thorough purifier makes it especially useful as a spring medicine. This grand alternative tonic is sold under guarantee at all drugstores. 50c.

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Large 10 inch Small 6 inch

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