HON. FRANK CLARK IN THE POLITICAL LIMELIGHT

He Has Become a National Figure—Will He Be Returned to Congress as a Protectionist Per Se?

"Frank Clark is a democratic congressman from Florida. Very early in the present session he broke away from his party, denounced the leadership of William Jennings Bryan, and held out this offer to the republicans:

"'If you put what my people want in the bill, if you give them protection against Cuba on pineapples, and give them protection against the pauper labor of Egypt on long staple cotton, and take care of their lumber and all these things, then you may put what you please in it.'

"When some of the other democratic congressmen (especially Choice Boswell Randell of Sherman, Texas) began to reproach Clark, the latter became very frank and explicit. Speaking on the floor of the house, he said:

"'As long as a protective tariff system prevails in this country, as long as the articles we have to buy are taxed, as long as my people have to bear the burdens of it, they say that we ought at least to have a division of the benefits. That is where I stand. You may call it 'swag' or what you please.'

"Clark's attitude didn't meet with universal approval at home. For his defection Florida's legislature passed resolutions of reproof. Then Clark took a train back to Florida, walked in upon the legislature, and declared himself still more frankly. From his speech before the Florida legislature on that occasion, these two paragraphs are taken:

"'Now, I want to tell you one thing, my brethren. I spoke of the great interests of this state. You know what they are. You know what they are worth to Florida. You know whether it is worth while to build up the material interests of this state, or whether it is best to follow a sickening fanatic sentiment or not.

"'We have been following a fatuous light. We have been traveling through the desert and eating the husks, while our brethren above the divide have been living on the fat of the land. I love the traditions of the south; I love her glorious history; but, my brethren, I am tired of living back forty or fifty years ago. I believe that this southern country is the garden spot of this great republic. I believe the time is not far distant when her industries shall thrive, when her products shall come forth bountifully from the earth, and with proper legislation and proper political guidance she will prosper as no other section of this country can. I am for the south. I am for Florida, her products, her industries, her men, her women, and her children against the world.'

"The official account of this speech shows that it was punctuated by 'great and prolonged applause,' and 'tremendous applause.' On the other hand, the Florida legislature did not see fit to rescind its resolution of censure. It is fair to say that a certain amount of public opinion throughout the south genuinely endorses the attitude expressed by Mr. Clark. It is this section of public opinion which is relied upon by those democratic senators who have voted with Aldrich frequently. It is a pity, however, that a senator who expects to endorse the republican policy of protection, who is going to help Aldrich out in tight places, and vote for the duties that Mr. Aldrich proposes—it is a pity that such a senator does not get himself elected as a republican. Bad faith is inevitably involved when any democratic senator goes over to Aldrich, for unquestionably the majority of the votes that sent him to Washington were cast for him in the belief that in his votes and speeches in the senate he would support the traditional policies of the democratic party."—Collier's Weekly.

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"Collier's view is exactly the opinion expressed by the Reporter-Star for the past some time. As it will be remembered we advocated the idea some months ago that whilst we were masquerading in democratic clothing we are really playing at democratic doctrine and working at republican doctrine.

"We're inclined to take Frank Clark's word and call it 'swag,' though for this state of Florida to proclaim herself a democratic state and through her congressmen and senators openly and above board stand up in the halls of the nation and hold up one hand with a democratic vote in it and twirl the fingers of the other hand under its coat tails for a share of the 'swag.'

"There is something wrong somewhere. Perhaps it may be as Congressman Clark intimates, in the 'traditions.'

"But we should favor some sort of a readjustment and not trade off the 'honorable traditions' for the mess of pottage of 'swag.' Oh, the shame of it."—Orlando Reporter-Star.

"We are not inclined to treat lightly or with any exultation the stern rebuke administered to Representative Frank Clark by his fellow democrats in congress by the election of Representative Dickison of Indiana to succeed him as secretary of the congressional committee, because we have disapproved of Mr. Clark's course in certain instances.

"But we do regard it as unfortunate both for him and the state of Florida that only a brief tenure in the position of secretary should have resulted in his repudiation as a democrat and caused him to be regarded as unfit by his ocleages to hold that important position.

"Any member of congress possessing native ability that Mr. Clark has could in time become a useful and distinguished member of that body, and in so far as he makes himself a man of mark for broadness of thought and patriotism, and for earnest, honest work, just in such measure does he gain recognition for his state in the council of the nation.

"We do not suppose that this paper will be accused of unjustly assailing Mr. Clark in this instance, as it has been accused in the past, since the news that comes from Washington was written by one of the most impartial of correspondents and printed in a journal that stands foremost among those that print the news as it is made from day to day without color. This affords the opportunity for reiteration that political conditions are such in Florida that fair and fearless criticism of public men and events cannot be made without having the imputation of unrighteous motives hurled at it by blind partisans. What we have had to say in regard to Mr. Clark's attitude was evoked at least on one occasion by the glaring inconsistency of that gentleman. This is one mission and duty of a public journal. There is no mortal man who is right all the time, and there is no way of regulating public thought and the conduct of public officials, who are the public servants, except by giving voice to the thought of the people in the public prints. This is the reason why the press should be free and not bound to the interest of one interest and muzzled when it comes to questions affecting the good of the people.

"The Metropolis has no candidate for congress, but we think there is a chance for some good man to step into Mr. Clark's shoes when the time comes. He has been discredited by his colleagues, and his influence with them is necessarily impaired."—Miami Metropolis.

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"That the democrats in congress are going to make the best possible effort to build up victory in the elections this year over the failure of the republican majority to live up to the pledges of the party for a revision of the tariff downward was demonstrated in the house last week when the congressional committee was reorganized and Representative Frank Clark of Florida was deposed from his position as secretary of the committee, which he had held during the last campaign.

"The causes which led to the repudiation of Mr. Clark by his colleagues are said to be the position he assumed in the speakership and tariff fights. Mr. Clark was succeeded in the secretaryship by Mr. Dickison of Indiana.

A special from Washington to the Chicago Record-Herald says:

"'Washington, D. C. July 19.—The democrats in the house tonight carried by a landslide the congressional elections of 1910, by stirring speeches delivered in re-electing Representative Lloyd of Missouri chairman of the congressional committee and Representative Dickison of Indiana secretary, in place of Representative Clark of Florida, who has been serving in that capacity, but who rendered himself objectionable to his party associates in the speakership and tariff fight in the house.

"'Illinois, Indiana and the middle west will be made the battleground, and the battle cry will be tariff revision downward and retrenchment in government expenditures.'

"'It is the intention of the democrats to lose no time in opening the camapign.'"—Associated Press Telegram.

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"It is well to keep before the people of Florida Representative Frank Clark's memorable utterance in congress: "If you put what my people want in the bill, if you give them protection against Cuba on pineapples, and give them protection against the pauper labor of Egypt on long staple cotton, and take care of their lumber and all these things, then you may put what you please in it." Will his vote be finally recorded, as was McEnery's in the senate, in favor of the Payne-Aldrich-Taft tariff abomination? We hope not; yet it would not surprise us after an expression of opinion so diametrically opposed to the principles of the democratic party as enunciated in many platforms and maintained by its wisest, strongest and purest statesmen."—Pensacola Journal.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL

Rev. and Mrs. R. H. Barnett and Miss Loulie Barnett returned from a delightful visit to North Carolina last Tuesday night.

Mr. A. J. Leavengood of Stanton, after a pleasant visit to Ocala, returned home Monday. He is very much in love with Lake Weir, and not to be would be unlike everyone else.

A letter from the western portion of Texas to this paper says that for several days the thermometer has registered 108 and 110 degrees in the shade. How is that for hot compared with Florida?

Miss Janita O'Haver of Keuka, who has been visiting Miss Legie Blitch of Blitchton, returned home Monday. Miss O'Haver was in Ocala Monday forenoon.

Mr. Louis Duval of Ocala, Fla., who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Stiles McDougal of Hansbrough Valley, is now at the Hardin Springs.—Elizabethtown (Ky.) Mirror.

Mr. R. S. Shortridge of Citra has returned from a visit to his old home in North Craolina. This is his first visit there since he was quite a small boy, and he enjoyed the visit very much.

Mr. M. M. Little returned home on Monday afternoon from Sutherland, where he spent a couple of days very pleasantly with his family, who are there for the summer.

We received a card Monday from Mr. L. W. Duval, who is enjoying himself immensely at the Hardin Springs, Ky. He will return in a short time to Elizabethtown, where Mrs. Duval now is.

Brigadier General Henry W. Long of Martel was in the city Saturday, and continues the activities of life. He is a busy man—busy as a church member, busy as a Mason, busy as a U. C. V. commander, and busy in business and social circles.

Miss Mary Reardon of Savannah, formerly of this city, is now in Washington, D. C., where she is having a very lovely time. She will remain at the capital all summer, and before returning to her home will spend several weeks in New York City.

Mrs. Albert Davis of Jacksonville, who has been spending several weeks at Crystal River with her mother and brother, Mrs. M. D. Juhan and Mr. John Juhan, came up to Ocala Monday for a short visit before returning to her home.

Mr. Everett Miller, one of Grahamville's prominent young men, was in Ocala Tuesday, and in company with Mr. Albert Anson Graham they went down to Grahamville Tuesday afternoon on the launch Oregonian.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Clyatt returned home several days ago from Shell Island, where they had been with the Ocala crowd for a week, enjoying the fishing and camp life at that pleasant resort.

Mr. Lee Miller was quite badly bruised and cut in a runaway accident in Jacksonville last Saturday. His injuries, however, were not at all serious, and he is up and about as usual. Mr. Miller is contemplating returning soon to his turpentine farm in south Florida.

Mrs. S. L. Patterson and little daughter, Annie Lester, will leave some time the first of the week for White Springs, where they will stay for several weeks. Later on they will go to North Carolina for the summer.—Miami Record.

Mr. Herman Benjamin of Atlanta, who is connected with the Ocala Ice & Packing Company, is a visitor to our city and is looking remarkably well. He says that Ocala is catching more and more the Atlanta spirit and is spreading out in all directions.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Floyd Metcalf have returned to their home in Jacksonville after a lengthy wedding trip in the north. Mrs. Metcalf was before her marriage Miss Amanda Belle Wright, a granddaughter of the late General Robert Bullock of this icty.

Mr. John Pasteur of Stanton was among our out of town visitors Tuesday, and said that three of the very best negroes in that whole section had died recently. The good negroes, he said, are getting scarce.

Mr. M. J. Roess has rented the vacant store-room in front of the Ocala Banner office from Mr. W. W. Clyatt, and will take possession of the same on August 1st.

Mrs. Frank Harris and her daughter, Mrs. Charles H. Lloyd, leave today for Saluda, N. C., where they will spend a month or six weeks.

SPECIAL PANTS SALE

MONDAY and TUESDAY

AUGUST 2nd and 3rd

To reduce my stock to make room for FALL and WINTER GOODS, which will be in from August 25th to September 1st, I will on Monday and Tuesday, August 2nd and 3rd, sell all Trousers 15 cents on the dollar below regular prices.

All $5.00 pants	$4.25	All $ 8.00 pants	$6.80
" 6.00 pants	5.10	" 8.50 pants	7.20
" 6.50 pants	5.50	" 9.00 pants	7.65
" 7.00 pants	5.95	" 10.00 pants	8.50
" 7.50 pants	6.35		

Everybody come and have your measure taken and get a pair of Tailor-Made Pants. Don't forget the date

August 2nd and 3rd

JERRY BURNETT

11 Ft. King Avenue — Ocala, Florida

ORLANDO WINS THE FIRST GAME

The first of the series of ball games between Orlando and Ocala, being played at the former city, resulted in favor of Orlando, the score being 5 to 3.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Ocala...	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	—3
Orlando..	2	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	—5

Batteries: Ocala, Brown and Waller; Orlando, Windham and McCormick. Umpire: Rev. Fred Barry.

Ocala's six errors during the game were costly, but the feature of the afternoon was a home-run hit by Second Base Donaldson of Ocala.

The Ocala team must have played a splendid game to have held the Orlando boys down so well, as it is conceded that Orlando now has the strongest team in the state.

THE OCALA BOYS AT ORLANDO YESTERDAY

That must have been a most exciting game of ball at Orlando Tuesday afternoon, when the Ocala team scored a victory over the Orlando players in the tenth inning. It is a victory worth recording, for the Orlando aggregation has the reputation of being the "crack" team of the state, while the Ocala team makes no pretentions except as being average amateurs, and the nine is made up almost exclusively of home boys.

The score Tuesday stood as follows:

	1	3	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	
Ocala.. 1											—9
Orlando.. .. .0	2	0	1	0	0	1	0	4	0		—8

Batteries: Ocala, Harris and Waller; Orlando, Windham and Myers. Umpire: Rev. Fred Bass. Hits, Ocala 9, Orlando, 14; errors, Ocala, 4, Orlando, 5.

When our boys return Ocala will crown them with a raurel wreath like an Athenian general returning from a victorious battle.

We are mailing to our friends and customers and the public some very valuable information, and if you do not receive it, blame yourselves and not us, because we have not your name on our mailing list. Drop us a card and you will get this information. The Globe, the Underselling Store in Ocala.

Mr. Joseph Martin of Palatka is making preparations to open the old Hornberger bakery, near the city market. Mr. Frank Miller will be his baker.

There is no other section of the United States where the winter visitor, being a person of restricted means, can depend upon earning enough by the labor of his hands to pay the expenses of his winter sojourn as in Florida. A little foresighted arrangement will enable a family coming to this state for the winter to rent a small farm near Tampa or some other shipping point. Arriving early, they can produce enough garden stuff to pay all their expenses and more. Adding a poultry branch, they can make money enough to pay for their return trip—if they are foolish enough or are reasonably compelled to go.—Tampa Times.

A circular issued by Ernest Williams, general freight and passenger agent of the Charleston and Western Craolina Railway Company, announces the appointment of W. G. Holly as soliciting agent of that company with headquarters at 36 Central avenue. The circular goes effective August 1. Mr. Holly has been for some years secretary to R. E. Morgan, general agent of the Georgia railroad.—Atlanta Constitution.

Mr. William Graham Holly is a Marion county boy and his friends in this section are proud to learn of his success. He is a son of Mr. Robert Holly of Grahamville.

Ed Carmichael, his son, Weller Carmichael, and Gus Haley, formed a party that came up yesterday from Ocala in Mr. Carmichael's new machine. They happened to a breakdown at Evinston and were detained there nearly the entire day, having to phone Ocala for repair parts before proceeding to this city. He has the state "skinned" on a whistle, which is enough to wake up the dead.—Gainesville Sun.

Mrs. Walter Hawkins, her mother, Mrs. Snowden, and her younger children leave tonight for Pittsboro, N. C. After spending a few days there, Mrs. Hawkins will join Mr. Hawkins and will visit in Baltimore and Washington. About September 1st she will return to Pittsboro and spend some time there before returning to her home here.—Jacksonville Metropolis.

LOST—A four months old pig. Mark: Bullet hole in right ear, crop in left ear; black spots, long, curly tail; flop ears; Berkshire stock. Two dollars reward will be given for information leading to the recovery of the said pig. Silas Wilson, Ocala, Fla. 7-30-1tw

A SUGGESTION FROM MR. GAITSKILL

McIntosh, Fla., July 27, 1909.

To the Editor Ocala Banner:

I know you desire the upbuilding of Ocala and Marion county, but you lament and moan because you are an inland town, and at the mercy of the railroads. I may be mistaken, but I think Ocala has it in her power to be independent of, and make her own terms with, the railroads. You have the roadbed of a one-time railroad from Ocala to Silver Springs. Suppose Ocala buys this old roadbed, get a fifty-horse power gasolene engine and some freight cars, and Ocala will own a right of way to the ocean, and if the railroads won't make rates to suit, let your goods come by water to Silver Springs and then use your own road to town. I think it would be a good investment for Ocala. I mean let the city own and control this highway, charge enough for maintenance, and have a sinking fund for new equipment. This may not seem feasible, but I believe if you will get "Gas Power" for August, published in St. Joseph, Michigan, and let it tell you what is being done with gasolene engines, both as tractors and on rails, you will see the possibilities of Ocala as an inland city, entirely independent, so far as freights are concerned, of the railroads. There is a gasolene locomotive at Griffin, Ga., hauling sand for the Griffin Press Brick Company, and I believe one could be used to give Ocala a very low freight rate on the bulk of her purchases. If not, why not?

Respectfully,
S. H. GAITSKILL.

MR. MAURICE STRAUSS IN TROUBLE

Mr. M. W. Ulmer of Cincinnati was in Ocala Wednesday, and informed a reporter of this paper that Mr. Maurice Strauss was visited by a fire some days ago, and his business was almost completely wiped out. He was occupying the fifth floor of a ten-story building in the manufacture of overalls. A fire broke out on the ground floor and gutted the entire building, and Mr. Strauss' business went up in smoke along with those of other tenants. His Ocala friends will learn of his loss with regret, as he was only partl yinsured.

A. P. Stuckey, president of the T. & J. railway, with headquarters in Ocala, was here yesterday, looking after some business matters.—Gainesville Sun.