

**INDUSTRIAL RECORD**

JAMES A. HOLLOMON, Editor-in-Chief

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Commended to lumber people by special resolution adopted by the Georgia Sawmill Association.

**THE RECORD'S OFFICES.**

The publishing plant and the main offices of the Industrial Record Company are located at the intersection of Bay and Newnan Streets, Jacksonville, Fla., in the very heart of the great turpentine and yellow pine industries.

**NOTICE TO PATRONS.**

All payments for advertising in the Industrial Record and subscriptions thereto must be made direct to the home office in Jacksonville. Agents are not allowed to make collections under any circumstances. Bills for advertising and subscriptions are sent out from the home office, when due, and all remittances must be made direct to this company.

Industrial Record Publishing Co.

**FORESTRY MEN TO MEET.**

The heads of universities, colleges and schools in which technical forestry is taught, have been invited by Gifford Pinchot, United States forester, to attend or send a representative to the conference on education in forestry which will be held in Washington in December. In his letter of invitation, the forester says:

"I believe that a conference of representatives of all forest schools and universities and colleges in which forestry is taught might be made of great value to the general progress of forestry in the United States, as well as to the institutions which teach forestry, and to the forest service, which employs so many of their graduates, and which is vitally interested in the best training of foresters. Such a conference might well consider the objects and methods of forest instruction, the organization and standards of educational work in the field of forestry, the co-ordination of the work of different institutions, and the needs of the forest service and other employers of forest graduates.

"I hope you will find it possible to be present or to send a delegate to a conference of this kind, which, with the concurrence of the institutions concerned, will be held in Washington December 30 and 31, 1909."

From all over the country the plan has met with enthusiastic support, letters of acceptance having been received from nearly every institution to which the invitation has been sent.—The Tradesman.

**FOREST AREA OF THE SOUTH.**

The South, with 27 per cent of the total area of the United States, contains about 42 per cent of the total forest area of the country. The forest area by states is as follows: Alabama, 20,000,000 acres; Arkansas, 24,200,000; Florida, 20,000,000; Georgia, 22,300,000; Kentucky, 10,000,000; Louisiana, 16,500,000; Maryland, 2,200,000; Mississippi, 17,500,000; North Carolina, 19,600,000; South Carolina, 12,000,000; Tennessee, 15,000,000; Texas, 30,000,000; Virginia, 14,000,000, and West Virginia, 9,100,000.

The South, it will be seen, has still much of the virgin forest of the country. This forest must be used, of course, in order to meet the steadily expanding wants of this section. It must be used in such a manner, however, that the very most may be made from its annual cut, while at the same time this cut is being replaced by a new growth. In this way its timber will remain a source of perpetual wealth.

The importance of forest conservation to southern interests is clearly understood by the people of the South. The future of the South is more nearly bound up in the plan of forest preservation, with its accompanying protection to watersheds, power-streams, and wood-working industries, than is anything now before the people of this part of the country. Not only is the protection of the watersheds, which will some day furnish the power to run all manufacturing establishments in the entire South, an important matter to the South, but the industries depending upon the forest products will also be benefited by the protection thrown about the remaining timbered area.—Forest Service Bulletin.

**EXCHANGE DIRECTORS MEET.**

Adopt a Stencil Design for Orange Boxes and Transact Other Business of Importance.

The regular weekly meeting of the directors of the Florida Citrus Exchange was held Wednesday at the exchange headquarters in Tampa. There were present W. B. Gray, vice-president; J. W. Sample, W. E. Heathcote, Josiah Varn, Eugene Holt-singer and W. A. Fulton.

Encouraging reports were read from Sales Manager R. P. Burton, who is now in the North organizing his agencies.

In response to a communication from Mr. Goodwin, of Fort Pierce, stating that the pineapple growers were greatly interested in the exchange methods of selling it was decided to send Organizer Reid to Fort Pierce to meet the growers and to give them the necessary instruction regarding organization which they seem to desire.

The speeches delivered at the recent convention by Messrs. Burton and Reid will be printed and distributed to the growers throughout the state.

It was also decided that contracts for crate material and other supplies are to be let by sub-exchanges and local associations on prices quoted from the central exchange at Tampa. A stencil design prepared by the Schein Advertising Service, of Tampa, was adopted to be used on all the boxes that pass through the exchange agency. The stencil is 20 inches long by 3 inches deep and consists of the word FLORIDA in large letters, through which will run the words "Citrus Exchange." It will be printed in vermilion ink on the sides of the box.

**CHINA'S POSTAL SERVICE.**

Parcels Post Introduced in Celestial Empire, While America Supports Express Companies.

While Congress is delaying over half a dozen parcels post bills, awaiting the gracious permission of Senator T. C. Platt, "Uncle Joe" Cannon and the express companies, the "heathen Chinese" is "catching on" to the parcels post idea, says Edward Berwick in Town and Country Journal.

The London Times recently records China's advance in this particular field. Beginning with the year 1901 the very modest number of 127,000 packages, weighing but 250 tons, were transported through Chinese postoffices. In 1907 this had increased to 1,920,000 parcels, amounting to 5,509 tons. Last year the very respectable total of 2,445,609 items, grossing 27,155 tons, was reached.

An American can mail a parcel to Japan and other equally distant points for less money than he can mail the same package to the next village—twelve cents per pound to Tokio; sixteen cents to the next village. While the American postoffice will transport single parcels of eleven pounds weight to Japan or Peru, it refuses to handle packages exceeding four pounds for the American, even the distance of five miles, over domestic routes, though he pays four cents per pound additional.

How long will Americans supinely submit to the insolent dictation of extortionate express companies, which has hitherto prevented their enjoyment of that inestimable boon to all classes—an up-to-date parcels post?

**INDORSE GROWERS' ORGANIZATION.**

Miami Merchants' Association Commends Movement Among East Coast Growers.

The Merchants' Association of Miami, at a recent meeting, passed the following resolutions indorsing the organization movement among the fruit and vegetable growers of the East Coast:

"Whereas, The vegetable and fruit growers of this section of the State deemed it absolutely necessary to organize, in order to improve existing conditions among them; and

"Whereas, A regular association has been recently formed with a charter membership of one hundred and fifty individual growers, which number has since been increased to over three hundred; and

"Whereas, In the opinion of a majority of the merchants of Miami, who think that an organization of this character will not only help those who are engaged in agricultural pursuits, but it will materially advance the interests of every merchant, mechanic, professional man, and others, whose success depends upon the prosperity of this city and surroundings; therefore be it

"Resolved, That the Miami Merchants' Association, as a whole, and every member therein, individually, do everything possible for the encouragement of the East Coast Fruit and Vegetable Growers' Association; be it further

"Resolved, That our members be recommended to join the aforesaid association and tender their influence to the same."



**KEEP TIME**  
on your men

with a good watch and see how your production of turpentine will increase.

When you desire a time-keeper that is "always on the job" buy a watch from us.

We have them from \$10.50 up in the hundreds - - each watch is the best in it's class and will give good and faithful service.

**R. J. RILES CO.**  
Jacksonville, Fla.

**LOOKING FOR GOOD PRICES.**

With the organization of the various branch exchanges recently established hereabouts for the handling of the citrus crop, the prospects are very bright and encouraging for good prices for the abundant supply of fruit promised this year, says the Clearwater Press.

Many there will be, of course, among the growers, who will not come into the exchange at the beginning, which is a perfectly satisfactory decision, as everyone is abundantly entitled to his opinion concerning the merits of the organization, and the fact that they do not come in will in no wise affect the interests nor the results of the exchange plan.

The exchange plan cannot mean a failure, and everyone who has studied the situation is of the same mind, provided, of course, that the right men are at the steering gear. And this last consideration rests alone with the people who elect their managers, and in this respect one member has as much voice as another. We hope and expect to see successes made by the Largo, Bay View, Clearwater and Ozona exchanges, each having recently organized, as well as of every other branch of the mammoth concern.—Clearwater Press.

**CHARLESTON MAN IN TROUBLE.**

Joe Andrews, who operated under the style of the Carolina Produce and Commission House at Charleston, S. C., was recently arrested on the charge of swindling, but was released under \$300 bond. He was given till October to settle with his creditors. It is reported that he owes many shippers in Florida and that he was arrested once before for doing fraudulent business at Savannah.