

INDUSTRIAL RECORD

JAMES A. HOLLOWAY, Editor-in-Chief
A. H. MARSH, Business Manager

Published Every Saturday.

SUBSCRIPTION (Domestic)...\$3.00 Per Annum
(Foreign)...\$3.50

"The Pine and Its Products."

All communications should be addressed
The Industrial Record Company,
Jacksonville, Fla.

Entered at the Postoffice at Jacksonville, Fla.,
as second-class matter

Adopted by the Executive Committee of the Turpentine Operators' Association September 12, 1902, as its exclusive official organ. Adopted in annual convention September 11 as the organ also of the general association.

Adopted April 27th, 1903, as the official organ of the Interstate Cane Growers' Association. Adopted September 11, 1903, as the only official organ of the T. O. A.

Commended to lumber people by special resolution adopted by the Georgia Sawmill Association.

THE RECORD'S OFFICES.

The publishing plant and the main offices of the Industrial Record Company are located at the intersection of Bay and Newnan Streets, Jacksonville, Fla., in the very heart of the great turpentine and yellow pine industries.

NOTICE TO PATRONS.

All payments for advertising in the Industrial Record and subscriptions thereto must be made direct to the home office in Jacksonville. Agents are not allowed to make collections under any circumstances. Bills for advertising and subscriptions are sent out from the home office, when due, and all remittances must be made direct to this company.

Industrial Record Publishing Co.

AN OPTIMISTIC VIEW OF THE SITUATION.

An optimistic view of the naval stores prospect for the coming year is possible to those who see through rose-colored glasses, but not to all. If one would paint a pleasing picture of the situation as it should be he might say with a prominent Savannah factor that the outlook is for a very material reduction in the production of 1909 as compared with 1908; that conditions in two important respects will probably be different from what they have been this season; that labor will be less plentiful, and without an abundance of cheap labor turpentine men cannot work old boxes as freely as they have done this year; that the resumption of work by hundreds of sawmills that have been closed down also means the withdrawal of old boxed timber, so that the opportunity of operators to work old boxed trees will be greatly lessened next year; and then that it is only remotely possible that the weather in 1909 will be anything like as favorable as it has been in 1908, in which there has been not a single drawback to production—no droughts, no fires, no storms—nine months of unsurpassed weather. Such is the optimistic view of a veteran in the naval stores business.

On the other hand, there are complaints that in spite of the determination of the producers in convention assembled to cut fewer boxes this season, they are not doing so, but that advices received in Savannah show that there is as much box cutting in the turpentine belt as there ever was, and that the crop of 1909 bids fair to be as large as was that of this year. It is said that every producer seems to be going on the idea that the other fellow will not

work as many trees this year as last, and that he should take advantage of that fact to get as good prices as possible on the short production.

The foregoing are two opposing views of the naval stores prospect. To them we would add another idea, that curtailment of production is but one factor in the market situation and that an increased demand is more important. Given a normal demand for spirits turpentine and it would call for all that can be produced, and as for rosins, they can take care of themselves.—Chicago Paint, Oil and Drug Review.

STUDY ECONOMICAL USE OF WOOD.

That general investigations in wood utilization are playing an important part in the government's work in the conservation of forest resources is attested by the report of the Secretary of Agriculture, which has just been issued. In regard to this work, it says:

"The studies in wood preservation and in the strength and physical properties of different kinds of wood maintained the position of the Forest Service as leader toward more economical use of wood material. Special attention was given to working out practicable methods for treating farm timbers in small quantities.

"Studies in wood pulp making showed that a merchantable pulp can be made from 15 woods not commonly used. Along many other lines also data were gathered looking to better knowledge and control of our Forests and better use of their products. At the same time, the work of bringing to the attention of the public the knowledge gathered for the use of the public was vigorously prosecuted."

INCREASED NEED FOR PRIVATE FORESTRY.

"In its application to the management of private holdings forestry has lagged far behind its record of progress on the National Forests," says the Secretary of Agriculture in his annual report which has just been issued. "With a fast-diminishing timber supply and steadily rising lumber prices the vast bulk of our cutting is done destructively. This is a matter which seriously concerns the public welfare.

"Ten years ago the Department of Agriculture offered, in pursuance of investigations in forestry, and in order to disseminate a knowledge of improved ways of handling forest lands, to cooperate with private owners through expert advice and assistance in planning and putting into practice forest management for their holdings. The investigations thus made possible were of the first importance. But for them the Government would have been altogether unprepared to undertake six years later the scientific management of the National Forests. They were in fact the foundation and virtually the beginning of practical forestry in the United States.

"This offer has never been withdrawn. The work which its fulfillment involved was the chief cause of the rapid growth of the Forest Service between 1898 and 1905. Since 1905, however, the necessity of providing first of all for the needs of the National Forests has compelled curtailment of expenditures for general investigations, since neither men nor money have been available to carry them on. There has been a steady increase in the number of informal applications, but many of these were not encouraged to fill out the necessary blanks, since neither men nor money were available to make the ex-

amination.

"There is urgent need to enlarge this work. The time is ripe for a widespread taking up of forestry by private owners of timberland, large and small, if the Forest Service can be in a position to guide and assist a general movement through fulfillment of its offer. None of the National Forests are east of the Mississippi River, and nine-tenths of the expenditures of the Service are on behalf of the National Forests. It is a national duty to protect and put to best use this great resource which is directly under the charge of the Government; but it is no less a national duty to promote in the East the spread of methods through which this part of the country also can preserve its Forests."

A head-on collision between giant locomotives will take place one afternoon during the State Fair at Tampa. The exact date has not been definitely settled, owing to the elaborate and painstaking preparations that will be essential to success. This event promises to be the greatest "thriller" ever produced in Florida—in fact, the grand climax of sensational realism. A duel to the death between 80-ton locomotives in head-on smashup, to be seen under circumstances that maintain all the interest and excitement of events, without the danger and horror usually connected therewith. In regular train wrecks, engineers reverse their engines and apply brakes, consequently the speed is lessened as much as possible, but in the collision which will occur in Tampa, no brakes will be applied; with wide-open throttles, a full head of steam, screaming whistles and crashing torpedoes, the two iron monsters will dash at each other with the fury of demons. No other spectacle imaginable could be equally sensational; and the fact that the precautions taken will remove all danger to spectators will make it all the more attractive. Arrangements will be made with the railroads for specially low rates to Tampa on the date of this remarkable event, and a committee of leading officials of the railroad systems entering Florida will be present as expert witnesses, to study the technical details and results of the collision.

The management of the Florida State Fair, to be held at Tampa, February 3-27 next, is enabled to positively announce that the following counties will have large and attractive county exhibits at the Fair. The exhibits are now being collected by the gentlemen named below, who are acting as Fair Commissioners for the respective counties. In cases where the County Commissioners have not seen fit to make appropriations and assume the responsibility of preparing exhibits, individual citizens and associations of citizens have manifested commendable public spirit in taking charge of the movement, in order that their county will be properly represented at the greatest Fair ever held in Florida. The following are the counties, with the commissioners of each: Lee, W. R. Washburn; DeSoto, Ed. Scott; Manatee, George Riggan; Pasco, W. E. Embry; Hernando, J. C. Burwell; Polk, Hugh Wear; Osceola, W. L. Van Duzor; Hillsborough, T. M. Wier; Gadsden, W. M. Corry; Columbia, T. J. Appleyard; Sumter, I. E. Barwick. These county exhibits alone insure the exhibit feature of the Fair, but this list will be added to by counties which, while they have not yet positively decided upon exhibits, are contemplating active work along that line.



THE CLOTHIERS
14 and 16 West Bay St. Jacksonville, Fla



Copyright
Hart Schaffner & Marx

SOLE AGENTS FOR

KNOX HATS.
FLORSHIEM
SHOES,

HART, SCHAF-
NER AND MARX
CLOTHES.

WE
AIM
TO
PLEASE

QUALITY
IS
OUR
SPECIALTY

THE STUART-BERNSTEIN CO**NOTICE OF STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING**

That the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Hillman-Sutherland Company, a corporation under the laws of Florida, will be held on Tuesday, January 12th, 1909, at the offices of said company in the city of Jacksonville, Florida, at eleven o'clock A. M., to hear reports, elect a Board of Directors and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

W. J. HILLMAN, President.

JOHN HENDERSON, Secretary.

12-26-3t

NOTICE OF MEETING STOCKHOLDERS OF THE COMMERCIAL BANK.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Commercial Bank at Jacksonville, Fla., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the year 1909, and other business that may come before them, will be held at the banking house on Wednesday, December 30th, 1908, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock P. M.

H. GAILLARD, Cashier.

Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 25, 1908.—4t

NOTICE TO NON-RESIDENT.

In Circuit Court, Fourth Judicial Circuit of Florida, in and for Duval County. In Chancery.

Annie Brunet vs. Henry Brunet.

To Henry Brunet:

You are hereby required to appear to the Bill of Complaint filed herein against you in the above entitled cause on or before the 6th day of January, A. D. 1909.

"The Industrial Record" is hereby designated as the newspaper in which this order shall be published once a week for four consecutive weeks.

Witness my hand and seal of office this 4th day of December, A. D. 1908.

(Seal.) P. D. CASSIDEY, Clerk.

H. J. CASSIDEY, Deputy Clerk.

(Seal.)

SAM'L W. FOX,

Solicitor for complainant. 12-5-4t