Gainesville Daily Sun

VOL. XXII, NO. 245 — GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1905 — TEN CENTS A WEEK

RUSSIAN SITUATION IS GROWING BETTER

Government Using its Power to Crush Out Strike.

TRYING TO PREVENT ANARCHY

The Government Employes Are Being Warned not to Join the Strikers or Give Them Succor—Strike Movement Gets Little Encouragement.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 20.—The sudden awakening of the Conservative and Liberal elements to the imperative necessity for resisting to the utmost the attempt of Radicals and Socialiss who are conducted the present strike to obtain the upper hand has galvanized the leaders into action and has started a healthy movement in favor of entirely cutting loose from the radical wing. M. Dmitri Shipoff and Duchkoff and other leaders of various groups including the constitutional Democrats, will petition Moscow to assemble the zemstvo congress assemblage there to unite all the forces which desire to prevent anarchy in condemning the political strike and to join in supporting the government in its efforts to restore tranquility and introduce the new regime. The government is able to take a firmer stand because of this reaction in public opinion.

Count Witte believed that such a reaction must come but he wisely waited until public sentiment showed a disposition to support the government before indicating energetic measures. By his direction the prefect of police, General Dodulin, issued the proclamation yesterday instructing the trades not to yield to the threats of the agitators and walking delegates, who ordered them to close their shops and promising the tradesmen police and military protection.

A government note was simultaneously issued prohibiting goernment employes from participating in organizations actively opposing the government. It points out that the restriction of political activity on the part of the government employes is not subversive of their liberties, but is imperative to the maintenance of the discipline, calls attention to the fact that in free countries like the United States, pernicious political activity on the part of the officials is inhibited and recalls the fact that less than a fortnight ago the French chamber of deputies supported Premier Rouvier's decision not to permit the political organization of state servants.

The note is directed particularly against the attempt to organize in Moscow, the society of post and telegraph employes, the avowed objection of which is to compel the convocation of a constituent assembly and whose members pledge themselves to donate 50 per cent of their salaries to the strike fund.

The stopping of the posts and telegraphs it is pointed out, would endanger the life of the state and every employe joining the organization referred to will instantly be dismissed.

The employes of the government railroads are also threatened with dismissal if they join the strike.

The break in the ranks of the strikers in Poland and the refusal of many organizations in the interior especially those of the railroad men at Moscow to strike on account of Poland, and the fierce dissensions which have broken out among the workmen's leaders at St. Petersburg seems to doom the strike movement to failure and temporarily at leas tmus tinflict a defeat on the social democrats.

The government has taken the occasion to officially deny that the measures taken in Poland were in many ways incited by Germany or that any arrangement exists with Germany upon the subject.

Big Meeting in Finland.

Helsingfors, Finland, Nov. 20.—At a meeting here today of a thousand representatives of the constitutional party from all parts of Finland a resolution was adopted in favor of a single chamber diet, the members to be elected from all citizens over 21 years of age without distinction of sex. The meeting also resolved to telegraph to Secretary of State Linder, at St. Petersburg, calling on him to resign immediately.

Excitement Among Naval Forces.

Odessa, Nov. 20.—The recent events at Cronstadt and Vladivostok have caused considerable excitement among the Russian naal forces at Sebastopal. These, however, are not very large. The total number of sailors does not exceed six thousand.

BLACKMAIL IS ALLEGED.

Armour Claim Men Tried to Get His Money Unlawful.

Chicago, Nov. 20.—William S. McSwain and William Coler, his brother-in-law were arrested here charged with attempting to blackmail J. Ogden Armour and other members of Armour & Co., for $40,000 in connection with the beef trust investigation upon letters which they are alleged to have stolen from the files of the company.

McSwain was employed by Armour & Co. for four years aa a stenographer, and in that way had access to part of the mail of the packing company. Since the recent beef trust investigation was begun, it is charged, he has taken letters from the files of the concern.

Three weeks ago, it is said, he approached Mr. Armour and threatened to turn the letters over to the federal authorities unless he was paid $40,000. Mr. Armour refused to listen to the proposition and then McSwain, it is alleged, made similiar demands on other officials of the Armour company.

Nineteen-Year-Old Infant.

Moorestown, N. J., Nov. 20.—Miss Mary Scally, known to many people as the "nineteen-year-old infant," has come out of her last infantile state, which lasted six months, apparently none the worse for her experience. On the ocasion of two previous attacks she was in that condition only a few weeks. She is all right now and physicians believe the third attack will be the last one. During these attacks, which have puzzled the physicians, Miss Scally has shown all the natural inclinations of a child a few years old.

German Minister in Morocco.

New York, Nov. 20.—A cable dispatch to the Herald from Tangier says Count Tattenbach, the German minister accompanied by Countess Tattenbach and members of the legation staff arrived from Fez by the Overland route. The count and countess are both in perfect health. Dr. Y. Ichius, who accompanied the German mission as medical adviser, suffered from a severe attack of fever during the journey and is now at the Spanish hospital here.

Wants More Army Officers.

Washington, Nov. 20.—"The army is under-officered," says Lieutenant General Adna R. Chaffee, chief of staff, in his annual report to the secretary of war. He says this condition exists for the army in peace and in time of war it would be in a decidedly crippled condition. Thereare 517 officers absent on detailed duty. General Chaffee thinks that provision should be made to fill these vacancies caused by details which are permanent in character.

Charges Are Made Public.

Washington, Nov. 20—Secretary Bonaparte today made public the charges and specifications against Minor Meriwether, Jr., the midshipman who engaged in the fatal prize fight with Midshipman Branch. There were three charges, namely, manslaugater, violation of the third clause of article 8, naval regulations, and conduct to the prejudice of order and discipline.

Sarah Bernhardt Arrives.

New York, Nov. 20.—Sarah Bernhardt who arrived from Europe today will go direct to Chicago, where her season will begin Monday evening. The French actress will be supported by a company of more than 100 from the theater Sarah Bernhardt, of Paris. Her repertoire will include ten palys—"The Sorceress," "Camille," "Angelo," "Adrienne le Couvreur," "Fedora," "LaFemme du Claude," "Phedre," "La Tosca," "Magda" and "Sappho."

EXPLOSION ON BOAT KILLS THIRTY THREE

Torpedo Boat Collides With a German Cruiser.

CAUSED BOILER TO EXPLODE

Terrible Catastrophe Occurs While the Ships Were Playing at War—Torpedo Boat is Sunk and Only a Few of Its Crew Are Rescued.

Kiel, Nov. 20.—Torpedo boat "S216" collided last night near Buelk with the small cruiser Undine. The torpedo boat sank and one officer and 32 seamen are missing.

The disaster occurred during the maneuvers in Kiel bay. A torpedo boat division was making a regulation attack upon the Undine which had blinded her lights. Later she suddenly used her searchlight which confused the helmsman of the "S126" and the torpedo boat got under the Undine's bow and was struck amidship, causing the boiler of the "S126" to explode.

The suddenness of the castrophe explains the great number of victims. It is believed that all the missing members of the crew were killed or drowned. Several wounded officers were rescued.

A number of tugs and small cruisers with divers have gone to the scene of the disaster where the Undine is still anchored.

Emperor William, who arrived here at noon for the swearing in of the naval recruits, was immediately informed of the accident and after leaving the train proceeded to the Imperial waiting room of the railway station, where he ordered a detailed report to be made to him.

GERMANY APPROVES NEW KING.

The Selection of Norwegians Pleases the Kaiser's Empire.

Berlin, Nov. 20.—The election of Prince Charles, of Denmark, to be king of Norway will receive the cordial support of Germany. It is already arranged that Prince Henry of Prussia upon the emperor's orders will proceed with the flagship Pruessen to greet king-elect Nov. 25th, upon his voyage to Norway.

The controversy as to who proposed the candidacy of Prince Charles is attracting some attention in the German press, where it is asserted that it was due to Emperor William's initiative.

It is officially asserted that while the emperor did not propose Prince Charles' candidacy, he still expressed to the king of Denmark during his recent visit to Copenhagen his full acquiescence in the prince's candidacy which meanwhile had been under discussion.

Hard Choice for Woman.

New York, Nov. 20—Mrs. Marie Santanegio, an Italian immigrant, is detained at Ellis island while making the choice between parting possibly forever with her two children, in order to make her home here with her husband, or of giving up her husband to return to Italy with the children. Her husband is a naturalized citizen, living at Youngstown, O. The children and their mother are afflicted with trachoma, an infectious disease of the eye, and the lay in such cases reads that the wife of a citizen of the United States cannot be deported, but that her children, in case they are suffering from any infectious disease, must be sent back to the country they came from.

No Escape for Whalers.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 20.—Captain Francis Tuttle, formerly in command of the revenue cutter Bear, states that from what he has learned from Captain Boothah of the whaler William Bayliss, there is absolutely no chance for the whaling fleet to escape. In this opinion the ships will be crushed in the ice. The crew will have to desert the ships and make for McKinzie river. The fleet is to be sixty miles from Bankland, which is 500 miles east of the McKenzie. He does not think a relief expedition could aid them in any way.

SEA LEVEL CANAL FAVORED.

Board of Engineers Agree to This Mode of Construction.

Washington, Nov. 20.—The board of consulting engineers of the isthmian canal commission today declared itself by a large majority in favor of a sea-level canal and not a lock canal, with the greatest care. A trip to the isthmas was made to enable the members to form a better idea of the mechanical difficulties which had to be considered.

The members of the board are men of the greatest reputation in their line of work. France, Germany and Holland had sent their most eminent specialists at the request of the American government. From the beginning it was evident that a majority of the members was in favor of the sea-level canal. Their point of view was that, even if it cost more than a lock canal and would take longer in the building, it would ultimately be of greater use, as it will enable ships to make a much shorter trip than if they were obliged to go through three or four locks.

On the other hand there was a minority which wanted to see the canal built in as short a time as possible, and with the least cost, declaring that a few hours longer for the trip through the isthmus made little or no difference. One of the members gave this explanation for his way of voting:

"It may be that several of us will not see the sea level canal finished in our life time, as it will take considerably longer than ten years. But if we have the satisfaction to know that for all the generations to follow we have made the shortest and most practical way of communication between the Pacific and the Atlantic oceans, and as long as he had to decide on a question for all eternity we do not think that a few years more or less makes a very important difference. That is the way our party thought about it, and whatever may be said in favor of it or against it, we have, after the most careful study, given an opinion as we saw our way to do it."

No official statement will be given out before the report of the commission reaches President Roosevelt, which will be about January 1.

Sold Vote for Ten Dollars.

New York, Nov. 20.—Albert Farrar, accused of illegal voting at New York's contested mayoralty election, has confessed in court that he came here to vote from Utica, N. Y. He said, through his lawyer, that he was brought to New York city to vote the Republican ticket and that a Republican district leader introduced him in political circles as his son. Farrar said he was paid $10 for his vote. He was remanded to prison for sentence, and meanwhile his statements will be presented to State Attorney General Mayer.

Engineers to Hold Session.

Washington, Nov. 20.—The board of consulting engineers of the isthmian canal commission met today in what probably will be their last session. It is expected that a definite vote will be taken this afternoon. Indications are that the sea level canal will be chosen but the minority which it is understood is for the lock canal is fighting with great energy. The members will vote on the project as a whole. Yesterday the board voted on about 29 points of no particular importance but which had all to be considered before the work could progress.

Guilty of Murdering Parents.

Dayton, O., Nov. 20.—Coroner Walter L. Kline today rendered a verdict of guilty in the case of Dr. Oliver Crook Haugh, in jail here charged with the murder of his father, Jacob Haugh, his mother, Mary Francis Haugh, and his brother, Jesse Haugh. The coroner said in reference to the verdict: "I believe the officials of Montgomery county have to deal with a criminal whose cunning and fiendish desires have seldom been equaled in this country."

Norway Elects New King.

Christiana, Nov. 20.—The Norwegian parliament by 100 to 1 of the votes, appropriated $200,000 annually for the new kings civil list. Premier Michaelsen will announce the election of Prince Charles to succeed King Oscar on Saturday.

ATLANTA SELECTED AS HEADQUARTERS

National Child Labor Committee Invades Georgia.

URGENT NEED OF LEGISLATION

They Say that at Least Two Million Children Are at Work Who Should Be In School—Favor Uniformity of Laws.

New York, Nov. 20.—It was announced today that Atlanta, Ga., has been chosen as the southern headquarters of the national child labor committee.

Charlotte, N. C., has been the southern headquarters of this committee up to the present time. The new office will be in charge of Dr. A. J. McKelway, assistant secretary of the national commission.

In announcing its change the trustees said that it was made "in view of the urgent need for legislation in Georgia, in response to the demands of the leading citizens of that state, which came so near being of successful fuition at the last session of the Georgia legislature."

In their report the trustees also said:

"At least two million children under 16 years of age in the United States are employed for wages, most of whom ought to be in school. Child labor laws lack uniformity in different states, and many of them are only crude beginnings at legislation; nearly all are poorly enforced."

GREAT CROWD HEARD LECTURE.

Man Who Was Held in Captivity in Morocco Tells of Country.

Washington, Nov. 20.—Before an audience that literally packed Hubbart Memorial hall, men and women being perched on the book shelves, Rev. Willis L. Moore, president of the National Geographical society, chairman of the meeting, balanced on a book case, Ion Perdicaris, whose experience as a captive of Moorish bandits came near resulting in serious international complications, addressed the geographical society last night on the subject of Morocco. Speaking of the sultan of that country, he compared him with the czar of Russia as a man anxious to see his people happy but lacking the courage of his convictions, the tact and ability to make them so. Negroes have come to be an important factor in the management of the government, he said.

Mr. Perdicaris stated that the population of the country is between four and seven millions of people, despite a mistaken idea among tourists that the country is thinly populated. Every one who can, lives out of sight from the main highways, he declared, in order to escape the exactions of official tax gatherers.

Big Fire at Knoxville.

Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 20.—A fire broke out at 1:40 o'clock this morning in the four-story building of Suttle & Beeler, pants manufacturers, on the east side of Commerce avenue, between Gay and State streets. Before the firemen had arrived and gone to work the flames spread across an alley to the wholesale clothing house of Bickley, McClure & Co., on Gay street, between Commerce and Wall avenues. Suttle & Beeler's place is entirely destroyed with a loss on building and contents of $90,000. Bickly, McClure & Co., is practically ruined at this hour. Their loss will be close to $160,000. The fire will probably spread in both directions and the damage may run far into the thousands.

Carnegie Remembers Engineer.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 20.—Fred Fleck, an old locomotive engineer of the Pennsylvania road, says he received a letter from Andrew Carnegie including a check for $1,000 to pay for a lunch con years ago when he was riding with the engineer. Mr. Carnegie, it appears, was ravenously hungry and gladly dined on the contents of Engineer Fleck's dinner pail. He has now paid for that meal.