

- Sellards, E. H. 1915. *Chlamytherium septentrionalis*, an edentate from the Pleistocene of Florida. *Amer. J. Sci.* 4(40): 19-31.
- _____. 1917. On the association of human remains and extinct vertebrates at Vero, Florida. *J. Geol.* 25(1): 4-24.
- Simpson, G. G. 1928. Pleistocene mammals from a cave in Citrus County, Florida. *Amer. Mus. Nov.* 328: 1-16.
- _____. 1929. Pleistocene mammalian fauna of the Seminole Field, Pinellas County, Florida. *Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist. Bull.* 56(8): 561-99.
- _____. 1930. *Holmesina septentrionalis*, extinct giant armadillo of Florida. *Amer. Mus. Nov.* 442: 1-10.
- _____. 1945. The principles of classification and a classification of mammals. *Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist.* 85: 1-350.
- _____. 1947. Holarctic mammalian faunas and continental relationships during the Cenozoic. *Bull. Geol. Soc. Amer.* 58: 613-888.
- _____. 1949. A fossil deposit in the cave in St. Louis. *Amer. Mus. Nov.* 1408: 1-46.
- _____. 1969. South American Mammals. In Fittkau, E. J., ed. *Biogeography and Ecology in South America*. *Mono. Biol.* 19(2): 879-909.
- Skinner, M. F., and C. W. Hibbard (eds.). 1972. Early Pleistocene preglacial and glacial rocks and faunas of North Central Nebraska. *Bull. Amer. Mus. Nat. Hist.* 148: 1-148.
- Slaughter, B. H. 1961. The significance of *Dasyppus bellus* (Simpson) in Pleistocene local faunas. *Texas. J. Sci.* 13: 311-315.
- Stirton, R. A. 1935. A review of the Tertiary beavers. *Univ. Calif. Publ., Bull. Dept. Geol.* 23(13): 391-458.
- Stock, C. 1925. Cenozoic gravigrade edentates of western North America, with special reference to the Pleistocene Megalonychidae and Mylodontidae of Rancho La Brea. *Carnegie Inst. Wash. Publ.* 331: 1-206.
- _____. 1928. *Tanupolama*, a new genus of llama from the Pleistocene of California. *Carnegie Inst. Wash. Publ.* 393: 30-37.
- Strain, W. S. 1966. Blancan mammalian fauna and Pleistocene formations, Hudspeth County, Texas. *Bull. Texas Mem. Mus.* 10: 1-55.
- Sulimski, A. 1964. Pliocene Lagomorpha and Rodentia from Weze I (Poland). *Acta Palaeon. Polonica, Polska Akad. Nauk, Komitet Geol.* 9(2): 149-240.
- Talmage, R. V., and G. D. Buchanan. 1954. The armadillo (*Dasyppus novemcinctus*). A review of its natural history, ecology, anatomy, and reproductive physiology. *Rice Inst. Pamph.* 41(2): 1-135.
- Walker, E. P. 1964. *Mammals of the World*. Johns Hopkins Press, Baltimore, 2: 647-1500.
- _____. 1975. *Mammals of the World*, 3rd Ed., 2 vols. Johns Hopkins Press, Baltimore.
- Weaver, W. G., and J. S. Robertson. 1967. A re-evaluation of fossil turtles of the *Chrysemys scripta* group. *Tulane Stud. Geol.* 5(2): 53-66.
- Webb, S. D. 1974a. Chronology of Pleistocene land mammals in Florida. In Webb, S. D., ed., *Pleistocene Mammals of Florida*. Univ. Florida Press, Gainesville, 270 p.
- _____. 1974b. Pleistocene llamas of Florida with notes on the Lamini. In Webb, S. D., ed., *Pleistocene Mammals of Florida*. Univ. Florida Press, Gainesville, 270 p.
- White, W. A. 1958. Some geomorphic features of central peninsular Florida. *Florida Geol. Surv. Bull.* 41: 1-42.
- Wiegand, R. 1962. Fossil vertebrates of Vero, Florida. *Florida Geol. Surv., Spec. Publ.* 10: 1-59.
- Wilson, R. W. 1938. Pliocene rodents of Western North America. *Carnegie Inst. Wash. Publ.* 487: 22-73.