

*Chlamys glendonensis* Mansfield, *Glycymeris suwanneensis* Mansfield, *Teredo? incrassata* (Gabb), and *Pecten* cf. *P. poulsoni* Morton. The description of this deposit seems to indicate that the beds exposed are intermediate between the genuine Suwannee limestone, which is very pure, and the Flint River formation, which contains much clay, sand, and gravel.

Vernon (1942, map) maps the Suwannee in an irregular belt extending from secs. 13 and 24, T. 4 N., R. 17 W., to the Walton County line in sec. 22, T. 5 N., R. 18 W. His report of limestone in wells in secs. 15 and 34, T. 5 N., R. 17 W., and sec. 23, T. 5 N., R. 18 W., (Vernon, 1942, p. 66) possibly should have specified T. 4 N. instead of T. 5 N.

*Jackson County*—There are a few exposures of the Suwannee limestone in the southern part of Jackson County. Hard white limestone on the road to Blue Springs, 0.9 mile north of the Old Spanish Trail near Cypress and 2.1 miles from Grand Ridge, is probably Suwannee.

Hard yellow limestone containing *Teredo* tubes and impressions of many other mollusks is exposed in the west bank of the Chipola at a wide curving shoal probably in sec. 6, T. 2 N., R. 9 W., northwest of Altha, Calhoun County. Similar rock, apparently without *Teredo*, extends upstream for half a mile or more. Obscure outcrops of limestone near Kynesville presumably also are Suwannee, and unfossiliferous chert in a road cut about 2 miles south of Alford may be of the same age.

*Jefferson County*—The Suwannee limestone lies not far below the surface in the southeastern part of Jefferson County. It is covered by the Hawthorn formation in the northern part and by the Tampa limestone in the southwestern part.

Mansfield (1937b, p. 58) and Ponton collected *Cassidulus gouldii*, *Teredo? incrassata*, *Chlamys flintensis*, and several other Suwannee mollusks from a rock quarry 1½ miles east-southeast of Flint Rock and also from a road pit half a mile southeast of the depot at Walker Springs. They also collected *Cerithium bernandoense?*, *Cardium* aff. *C. gadsdenense*, *Chione* aff. *C. bainbridgensis*, *Tellina silicata?*, and *Cassidulus gouldii* from along the highway 8 and 10 miles east of Wacissa.