

## REMOVAL OF FILTH.

Removal of  
excrement.  
B 183, Sec. 1,  
Mar. 10, 1894.

SEC. 723. No persons shall, in this city, carry or convey any night soil or excrement from any water closet, earth closet or privy, through any of the streets of the city otherwise than in barrels especially constructed for the purpose, having coverings screwed on with gutta percha gaskets.

Permit.

SEC. 724. No person other than contractors, who have given bond for the performance of their contracts in compliance with the provisions of section 721, shall, in this city, carry or convey any night soil or excrement from any water closet, earth closet or privy through any of the streets of the city without first obtaining from the health officer a written permit so to do, and the health officer shall grant such permit to any person who shall give bond for the faithful compliance with the requirements of this ordinance.

Ib., Sec. 3.  
Penalty.

SEC. 725. Any person convicted of a violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be punished by a fine not less than five dollars nor more than fifty dollars, or by imprisonment not less than five nor more than ten days for each such offense.

## PERSONS AND PROPERTY FROM INFECTED DISTRICTS.

Coming from  
places infected  
with yellow  
fever, etc.  
Ord. 69, Sec. 1,  
April 24, 1889.

SEC. 726. It shall be unlawful for any person to enter the City of Jacksonville who within ten days prior to such entrance shall have been in any town, city or place where yellow fever, cholera, smallpox or diphtheria exists.

Bringing  
clothing, etc.  
Ib., Sec. 2.

SEC. 727. No person shall bring into this city any goods, clothing or other fomites which have been in any town, city or place where yellow fever, smallpox or diphtheria exists.

Penalty.  
Ib., Sec. 3.

SEC. 728. Every person violating the provisions of this ordinance shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or imprisonment not exceeding ninety days, or both fine and imprisonment and costs of prosecution.

Suspicious  
sickness.  
Ib., Sec. 4.

SEC. 729. Whenever the health officer shall have good grounds to believe, after consultation with at least one practicing physician of the city, that any person within the city is affected with symptoms of cholera, yellow fever, smallpox or diphtheria, it shall be the duty of the health officer to cause such person to be removed to some proper locality prepared for such cases, or to be otherwise cared for, so that there will be the least possible danger of the spreading of any such diseases.

Removal.

Infected  
articles.

The health officer is also empowered to take charge of all goods, clothing and other fomites which he has good reason to believe to